

# The Academy and the New 3Rs of Health Care – Repeal, Replace, Repair

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AMERICAN ACADEMY of ACTUARIES

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# About the Academy

*Mission is to serve the public and the U.S. actuarial profession*

- Washington-based 19,000 member professional association
- Work includes both professionalism and public policy



# Objective. Independent. Effective.™

- Public voice for the U.S. actuarial profession
- Independent and objective actuarial information, analysis, and education
- Trusted to provide reliable and credible expertise on policy issues



# Decision Criteria for a Public Statement

- ❑ Is it actuarial and consistent with the Academy vision and mission?
- ❑ Do we have information that can contribute to the issue?
- ❑ Will it educate/inform the public and help improve public policy?
- ❑ Do we have the resources needed?
- ❑ What are the risks/benefits of making a public statement?



# Health Practice Council (HPC) Role

- Provide information to Congress and regulators
- Support the NAIC and state officials
- Communicate and coordinate activities related to health and professionalism
- Develop and maintain practice notes
- Keep membership informed



# Activities Both Proactive and Reactive

## Meetings/Calls

- With Senate, House, Agency/Departments
- Outside health policy organizations

## Briefings

- Congressional staff
- NAIC

## HPC Hill Visits

- Committees, personal offices, agencies

## Media Outreach

- Proactive and promoting our materials
- Respond to inquires

## Publications

- Issue briefs, comment letters
- Other public statements



# HPC Messaging: Individual Market

## Requirements for a stable and sustainable individual health insurance market:

- Enrollment at sufficient levels for a balanced risk pool
- Stable regulatory environment that facilitates fair competition
- Sufficient insurer participation and plan offerings to provide competition and choice
- Slow spending growth and high quality of care



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# HPC Messaging: Individual Market (cont.)

## Actions needed to improve stability:

- ❑ Continued funding of cost-sharing reduction (CSR) reimbursements
- ❑ Enforcement of the individual responsibility penalty
- ❑ Increased external funding
- ❑ Avoid legislative/regulatory actions that could increase uncertainty or threaten stability





# HPC Messaging: Medicaid

## Moving to block grants or per capita caps:

- Shifts funding risk to states, which need flexibility to stay within their budgets
- Makes sustainability dependent on initial allocation of funds to states and growth rates



# Three Phase Plan to 'Health Reform'

- Phase 1: American Health Care Act (AHCA)
  - Simple majority votes in House and Senate via budget reconciliation process
- Phase 2: Market deregulation
  - Changes to market rules, etc. that can be taken by HHS Secretary
- Phase 3: Additional legislation that wouldn't meet the requirements for budget reconciliation; would require 60 Senate votes for passage
  - Allow insurance sales across state lines
  - Expand availability of Association Health Plans
  - Medical liability reform



# AHCA: Legislative Process



- AHCA passed the House on May 4 by vote of 217-213
  - CBO score released on May 24
- Senate working on drafting different language
  - Driven by various working groups with different goals
- Going through reconciliation process requires following Senate rules/budgetary requirements
  - Legislation can't include provisions extraneous to the budget
  - Time constraints also require Senate vote prior to end of September
- If passed, conference committee formed between House and Senate
  - If agreement on common language reached, sets up second vote in each chamber
- If both chambers pass, goes to President for his signature



# House-passed AHCA: Individual Market

- ❑ Eliminates the individual mandate penalty and imposes a continuous coverage requirement; levies temporary 30% premium surcharge for those uninsured for 63+ days in last year
- ❑ Changes the premium tax credit structure, eliminates cost-sharing reductions, and widens allowable age rating to 5:1
- ❑ Creates a \$100b patient and state stability fund to provide grants to states; separate \$15b funding for invisible risk sharing program; \$15b to states to use for maternity coverage, substance abuse services, newborn care
- ❑ Eliminates actuarial value requirements
- ❑ Allows states to waive essential health benefit requirements
- ❑ Allows states to waive requirement for community rating for individuals without continuous coverage; coupled with \$8b to waiver states to use toward those who would face higher premiums



# House-passed AHCA: Medicaid

- Fundamentally changes funding approach from one based on a percentage of total program expenditures to one that caps or limits federal funding to states (per capita caps); or provides for block grants.
  - Would set per-enrollee caps based on states' Medicaid expenditures in 2016.
  - Discontinues enhanced funding starting in 2020, essentially ending expansion.



# House-passed AHCA: CBO Score

- ❑ Net deficit reduction of \$119b over 2017-2026
- ❑ Increase in uninsured compared with current law (CL)
  - 14 million more uninsured in 2018
  - 23 million more uninsured in 2026
- ❑ In states not requesting waivers average premiums about 4% lower in 2026 than CL due to younger and healthier enrollee population
- ❑ In states making moderate changes to market rules, average premiums about 20% lower than CL due to less generous benefit coverage
- ❑ In states making substantial changes to EHBs and community rating, average premiums would be lower for healthy enrollees, but community rated market would become unstable



# Senate: Different Possible Approaches

- Senate composition: 52 Republicans; 48 Democrats
- Areas of disagreement among Senate Republicans
  - Protect Medicaid expansion states vs. full and immediate repeal of Medicaid expansion
  - Retain pre-existing condition protections vs. full deregulation of markets
  - Focus on immediate action to stabilize the market vs. longer-term changes
  - Retain funding for family planning services vs. eliminate funding
  - Level and structure of tax subsidies
- Senate Majority Leader McConnell facilitating behind-the-scenes working groups



# Senate: Possible Approaches (cont.)

- Cassidy-Collins Patient Freedom Act would give states 95% of funding they received for ACA premium and cost-sharing subsidies; states could opt to:
  - Keep ACA approach
  - Switch to approach that would include auto enrollment of eligible individuals into plans with premiums equal to the tax credit
  - Offer no coverage expansion (and receive no federal funds)





# Academy Involvement in Legislative Process

## Formal comments to Congress

- [Letter on the Adverse Consequences of Weakening the ACA's Individual Mandate](#) (Sept 2016)
  - In response to proposals that would waive the mandate in certain circumstances
- [Letter on the Consequences of Repealing ACA Provisions or Ending CSR Reimbursements](#) (Dec 2016)
  - Warns about market disruption if ACA repealed without a replacement
- [Testimony on Effectiveness of ACA's Individual Mandate](#) (Jan 2017)
  - Offers insights on alternatives to the mandate
- [Comments on AHPs in Small Business Health Fairness Act](#) (March 2017)
  - Highlights potential adverse consequences of expanding AHPs
- [Comments on American Health Care Act \(AHCA\)](#) (March 2017)
  - Provides detailed comments on bill's Medicaid and individual market provisions
- [Comments on Individual Market and Medicaid](#) (May 2017)
  - Response to Senate Finance Committee request for comments on approaches to improve the individual market and Medicaid



# Academy Involvement in Legislative Process (cont.)

## Issue briefs and papers relevant to proposals being considered

- [An Evaluation of the Individual Health Insurance Market and Implications of Potential Changes](#) (Jan 2017)
  - In depth paper outlining the conditions necessary for a sustainable market, an evaluation of current market, and assessment of options to improve sustainability
- [Selling Insurance Across State Lines](#) (Feb 2017)
- [Association Health Plans](#) (Feb 2017)
- [Using High-Risk Pools to Cover High-Risk Enrollees](#) (Feb 2017)
  - Outlines three potential approaches to HRPs (traditional, condition-based reimbursement, reinsurance) and examines implications of specific design features
- [Proposed Approaches to Medicaid Funding](#) (March 2017)
  - Examines implications of moving to block grants or per capita caps
- [Steps Toward a More Sustainable Individual Health Insurance Market](#) (April 2017)
- Issue brief on auto enrollment (in progress)



# Academy Involvement in Legislative Process (cont.)

## Meetings/calls/briefings

- Ongoing calls and meetings with congressional staff, including:
  - House Energy and Commerce Committee staff
  - House Ways and Means Committee staff
  - Senate Finance Committee staff
  - Senate HELP Committee staff
  - Staff of key senators
- Off-the-record briefings of Senate committee staff during HPC hill visits
- On- and off-the-record briefings of members of Congress and congressional staff in conjunction with the Alliance for Health Reform
- Meetings and presentations with other organizations, such as the NAIC and National Governors Association



# Recent Regulatory Actions: Market Stabilization

## New 2018 market stabilization rules finalized 4/13/2017

- Open enrollment period shortened one year earlier than scheduled, to Nov 1-Dec 15
- Pre-enrollment verification required for special enrollment period (SEP) enrollees
- Insurers allowed to collect past-due premiums prior to enrolling individuals in coverage with the same insurer
- De minimis actuarial value range loosened from +/-2 percent to -4 to +2 percent
  - Except for bronze plans: -4 to +5 percent
  - CSR plan ranges remain at +/-1 percent
- Federal role in network adequacy oversight reduced



# Recent Regulatory Actions: Market Stabilization (cont.)

## Related Academy activities

- [Issue paper](#) evaluating the individual health insurance market (Jan 2017) raised some of the issues covered in the market stabilization rule (e.g., grace periods, SEP verification)
- [Comment letter on market stabilization proposed rule](#) (March 2017)
- Ongoing meetings and calls with CCIIO staff



# Recent Regulatory Actions: Risk Adjustment

Risk adjustment program changes included in final notice of benefit and payment parameters, issued 12/16/2016 (revised 12/21/2016)

- Adjustments for partial-year enrollees (beg 2017)
- Prescription drug information incorporated into the model (beg 2018)
- High-cost risk pooling incorporated into risk adjustment program (beg 2018)
  - budget neutral; no external funding
- Average premium in the transfer formula reduced to remove non-claims-related portion of administrative costs (beg 2018)



# Recent Regulatory Actions: Risk Adjustment (cont.)

## Related Academy activities:

- [Issue paper](#) providing insights on the risk adjustment program (April 2016)
  - Detailed analysis of the 2014 risk adjustment results with a focus on potential factors influencing risk adjustment experience and implications for changing the risk adjustment program methodology
- [Comment letter](#) to CMS regarding risk adjustment methodology discussion paper (April 2016)
- [Comment letter](#) to CMS regarding proposed benefit and payment parameters for 2018 (October 2016)
- [Issue brief](#) on how changes to health insurance market rules would affect the need for and operation of risk adjustment (May 2017)
- Ongoing meetings and calls with CCIIO staff



# Recent Regulatory Actions: Premium Rate Filing

- CMS released 2018 unified rate review instructions on 4/6/2017
- CMS released revised rate filing timeline guidance on 4/13/2017
  - Delayed rate submission deadlines
- Academy activities:
  - [Comment letter](#) on URRT final instructions (April 2017)
  - Issue brief on factors driving 2018 premium changes (in progress)
    - Similar briefs issued annually for [2014](#), [2015](#), [2016](#), and [2017](#).





# Cost-sharing Reduction Payments

- Continued uncertainty regarding future payments
- *House v. Price lawsuit* is on hold until August as parties have asked for more time for a resolution, including possible fixes
- CSR reimbursements have been paid for May, but Administration has not indicated whether payments will continue
- Related Academy activities include numerous issue briefs, comment letters, meetings, etc. highlighting the need for CSRs to be paid



# Get Involved

- Read Actuarial Update, Health Check, and This Week, and visit the Academy Newsroom at [www.actuary.org](http://www.actuary.org)
- Become a member. Visit <http://actuary.org/content/academy-membership-0>
- Volunteer with the Academy's committees
- Participate in submission of comments
- Your input is vital during information-gathering processes and strengthens the final product
- Allows the Academy to speak with one voice
- Let us know what public interest issues are important to you



# QUESTIONS?



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